

ISO 9001:2008, 14001:2004 & OHSAS 18001:2007 CERTIFIED

HalfYearly Financial Statements (Unaudited) December 31, 2018

Wah Nobel Chemicals Ltd.



VISION STATEMENT

The Company's vision is to be the market leader and serve the needs of customers with total dedication, supply them the current and anticipate their future needs, create value for customers, shareholders, employees and the community

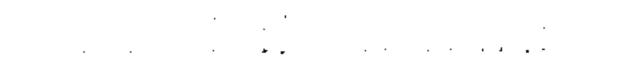
CORPORATE MISSION

- To meet the current needs of its customers and anticipate their future needs.
- To maintain close and direct contacts with the customers to ensure their complete satisfaction.
- Constantly improve the quality of all our activities through operational excellence.
- To give fullest regard to the safety and health of employees and customers.
- To promote professionalism at all levels through constant education, training and development of human resources.
- To safeguard the environment and the community from pollution.
- To create a conducive work environment and inspire people to perform to their fullest potential and to reward talent.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Lt. Gen. Sadiq Ali, HI (M) Mr. Torbjorn Saxmo Mr. Muhammad Nawaz Tishna Mr. Muhammad Afzal Mr. Abdul Aziz Mr.Hashmat Hussain Brig (R) Shiraz Ullah Choudhry,SI(M)	:	Chairman Vice Chairman Director (N.I.T. Nominee) Director Director Director Director Director & Chief Executive
AUDIT COMMITTEE		
Mr. Muhammad Afzal Mr. Abdul Aziz Mr. Hashmat Hussain	:	Chairman Member Member
HUMAN RESOURCE & REMUNERAT Mr.Abdul Aziz Mr. Hashmat Hussain Brig (R) Shiraz Ullah Choudhry, SI(M)	:	R&R) COMMITTEE Chairman Member Member
COMPANY SECRETARY AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER	:	Mr. Tanveer Elahi, FCA
AUDITORS	:	KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co Chartered Accountants
LEGAL ADVISORS	:	The Law Firm of Basit Musheer
SHARES REGISTRAR	:	Ilyas Saeed Associates (Pvt.) Ltd., Management Consultants, Office # 26, 2 nd Floor, Rose Plaza, I-8 Markaz, Islamabad. Tel: 051-4938026-27, Fax: 051-4102628 Email: <u>iilyas@hotmail.com</u>
BANKERS	:	MCB Bank Limited Allied Bank of Pakistan Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Askari Bank Limited
REGISTERED OFFICE	:	G.T. Road, Wah Cantt.
PHONES	:	(051) 5568760, 4545243-6 (4 Lines) (051) 9314101-21 (21 Lines) Ext. 22236
FAX	:	(051) 4545241, (051) 4535862
E.MAIL	:	<u>ce@wahnobel.com</u>
WEBSITE	:	www.wahnobel.com
FACTORY	:	Wah Cantt.



WAH NOBEL CHEMICAL LTD

DIRECTOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The Directors of the company are pleased to present reviewed Condensed Interim Financial Information (unaudited) for the half year ended December 31, 2018.

The performance of the Company during the period under review is fairly good and it achieved Gross Sales Revenue of Rs 1224 million vis-à-vis Rs 991 million as compared to previous year's corresponding period (increased by 24%).

Despite volatile economic / financial situation and retarded business activity during the first half of FY 2018-19, the Company earned After Tax Profit of Rs 80 million. The profit levels have been effected due to increase in production cost and can be attributed to higher raw material prices, substantial devaluation of Pak Rupee vis-à-vis US\$ and financial costs.

New Formaldehyde plant has been installed and is in production to capacity. The enhanced production at competitive rates is expected to increase the profitability levels during the 2nd half of current Financial Year.

The management has a positive outlook and geared up to ensure continued growth, operational efficiency and optimum results for the company and its stakeholders in the

2nd half of Financial Year 2018-19.

As regards Vend Fee and Permit Fee case, Sindh High Court has already pronounced favourable judgment. Presently the case is pending with the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan. Nexus to merits of the case and favourable decision of the Sindh High Court, the management is expecting a favourable decision from the Apex Court.

The Directors are pleased to place on record their deep appreciation for the earnest efforts and dedication to the cause, by all employees of the company for achieving good results despite volatile economic situation in the country and pay vivid gratitude to all its customers for the recontinued patronage, support and trust.

On behalf of the Board





BRIG (R) SHIRAZULLAH CHOUDHRY,SI(M) DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Wah Cantt Dated: 14-02-2019



سمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرز بمسرت بیر پورٹ غیرآ ڈٹ شدہ مالی نتائ کابت ششاہی 31 دسمبر 2018 یپی کرتے ہیں۔

زیرجائزہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی کی کارکردگی اچھی رہی ہے۔اس دوران کمپنی کی خالص آمدنی 1224 ملین روپے ہے۔جبکہ گزشتہ سال یہ 991 ملین روپے تھی۔(اضافہ %24)۔

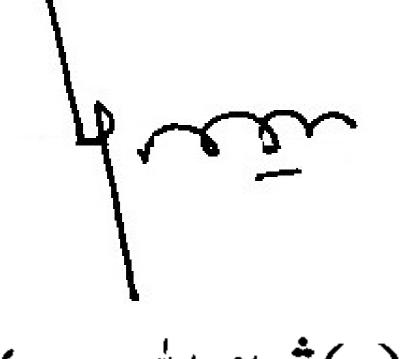
غیر ستحکم اقتصادی مالی صورتحال اورست روکاروباری سرگرمی کے باوجود کمپنی نے پہلی ششماہی 19-2018 کے دوران بعداز نیکس منافع 80 ملین روپے کمایا۔منافع کی سطح پیداداری لاگت میں اضافے کی وجہ سے متاثر ہوئی اوراسے خام مال کی قیمیتوں میں اضافے ، پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں خاطر خواہ کمی اوراسی طرح امریکی ڈالراور مالی اخراجات کے ساتھ بھی منسوب کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

نیا فارملڈ کہاہیڑ پلانٹ نصب کیا جاچکا ہے۔جو اب پروڈکشن میں آچکا ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہے کہ مسابقتی نرزخوں پر بڑھتی پیدادارموجودہ مالی سال کی دوسری ششاہی کے دوران منافع کی سطح میں سر اضافہ کاباعث ہوگی۔

کمپنی کے منتقبل کے امکانات مثبت ہیں اور وہاپنی بہترین کوشش سے بقیہ مالیاتی سال **2018 می**ں کمپنی اورا سکے کرم فرمادئ کیلیے سلسل بڑھوتی آپڑ مینل کارد کردگی اورزیادہ سے زیادہ بہتر نتائج کے ليے سرگر ممل ہے

حوالے کے طور پرسندھ ہائی کورٹ کے وینڈ فیس ادر پرمیٹ فیس کے موافق فیصلوں کے بعداب کیس معزز سپریم کورٹ وآف پا کستان کے زیرِساعت ہے کیس کی قانونی مضبوطی ادرسندھ ہائی کورٹ کے موافق فیصلوں کی بددلت انتطامیہ تو قع رکھتی ہے کہ فیصلہ کمپنی کے قت میں ہوگا۔

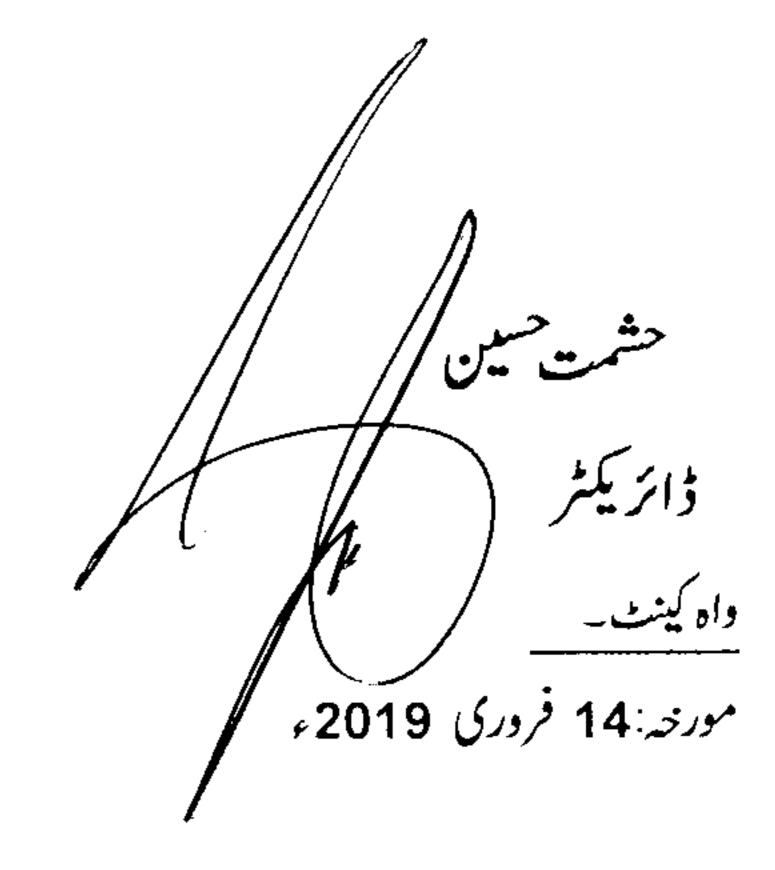
ملک میں غیر شکم اقتصادی صورت حال کے باد جود کمپنی کے ملاز مین کے بہتر نتائج کے حصول پرڈائر یکڑز دل کی اتھاہ گہرائیوں سے ملاز مین کی انتقک کوششوں اور مقصد کے حصول کیلئے کی گنگن کوسرا بے ہیں ادر تمام گا ہگوں جو کہ پنی کی سلسل سر پرتی حمایت اور اعتماد رکھتے ہیں کے شکر گزار ہیں۔



دائر يكثرز يورد كي طرو

بريكيدير(ر)شيراز الله چودېدرى ڈا*ز یکٹر ا*چیف ایگزیکٹو

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KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sixth Floor, State Life Building, Blue Area Islamabad, Pakistan Telephone 92 (51) 282 3558, Fax 92 (51) 282 2671

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Wah Nobel Chemicals Limited

Report on review of Interim Financial Statements

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim statement of financial position of Wah Nobel Chemicals Limited ("the Company") as at 31 December 2018 and the related condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity, condensed interim statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements for the six-month period then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial statements"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standards on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditors of the Entity". A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note 8.1.1 to the interim financial statements, which describes the uncertainty relating to the outcome of pending litigation relating to non-payment of vend fee and permit fee on methanol to the Excise and Taxation Department, Government of Sindh. Our conclusion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other matter

The figures of the condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the quarter ended 31 December 2018 have not been reviewed and we do not express a conclusion on them.

The engagement partner on the engagement resulting in this independent auditors' review report is Atif Zamurrad Malik.

Komy Jame Ild I Ro

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Islamabad 14 February 2019

WAH NOBEL CHEMICALS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2018

		2018	2018
	Note (Rupees in '00		n '000')
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	347,895	307,614
Non-current assets		247 005	207614

Non-current assets 347,895 307,614 Stores, spares and loose tools 48,170 49,875 Stock in trade 274,746 281,258 Trade debts 5 652,527 442,532 Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables 58,452 65,291 Short-term investment 2,583 2,680 Taxation - net 181,238 159,392 Cash and bank balances 14,517 19,064 Current assets 1,232,233 1,020,092 Total assets 1,580,128 1,327,706

Equity

Share capital Capital reserves Revenue reserves **Total equity**

90,000	90,000
944	944
722,399	687,436
813,343	778,380

31 December

30 June

Liabilities

Long term financing Deferred liabilities **Non-current liabilities**

Trade and other payables Due to holding company Unclaimed dividends Current portion of long term financing Loan from holding company Short term borrowings **Current liabilities Total liabilities Total equity and liabilities**

68,571	82,286
7,110	6,503
75,681	88,789
209,656	222,726
701	1,289
6,233	4,707
27,429	13,714
202,579	-
244,506	218,101
691,104	460,537
766,785	549,326
1,580,128	1,327,706

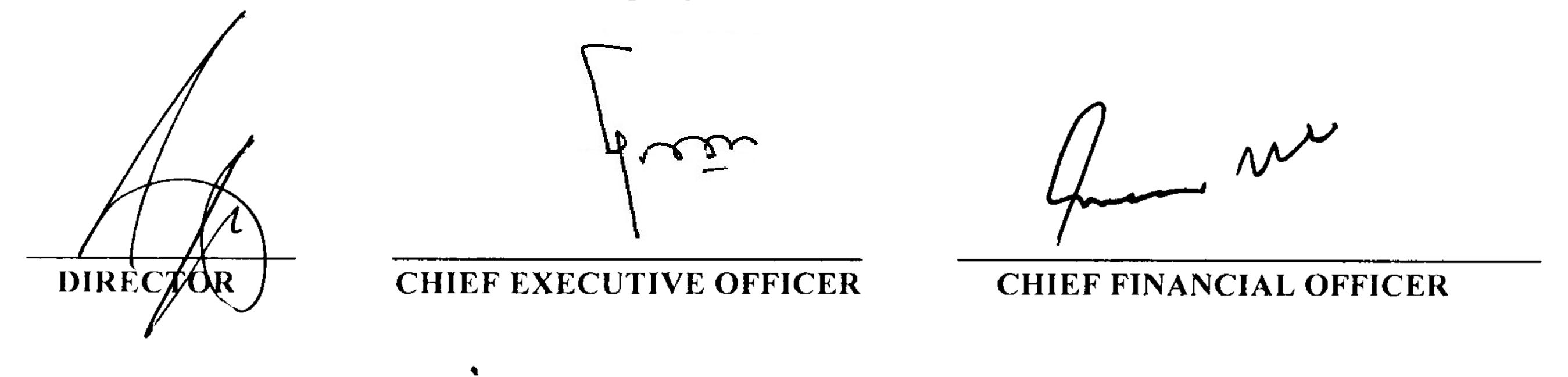
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The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.

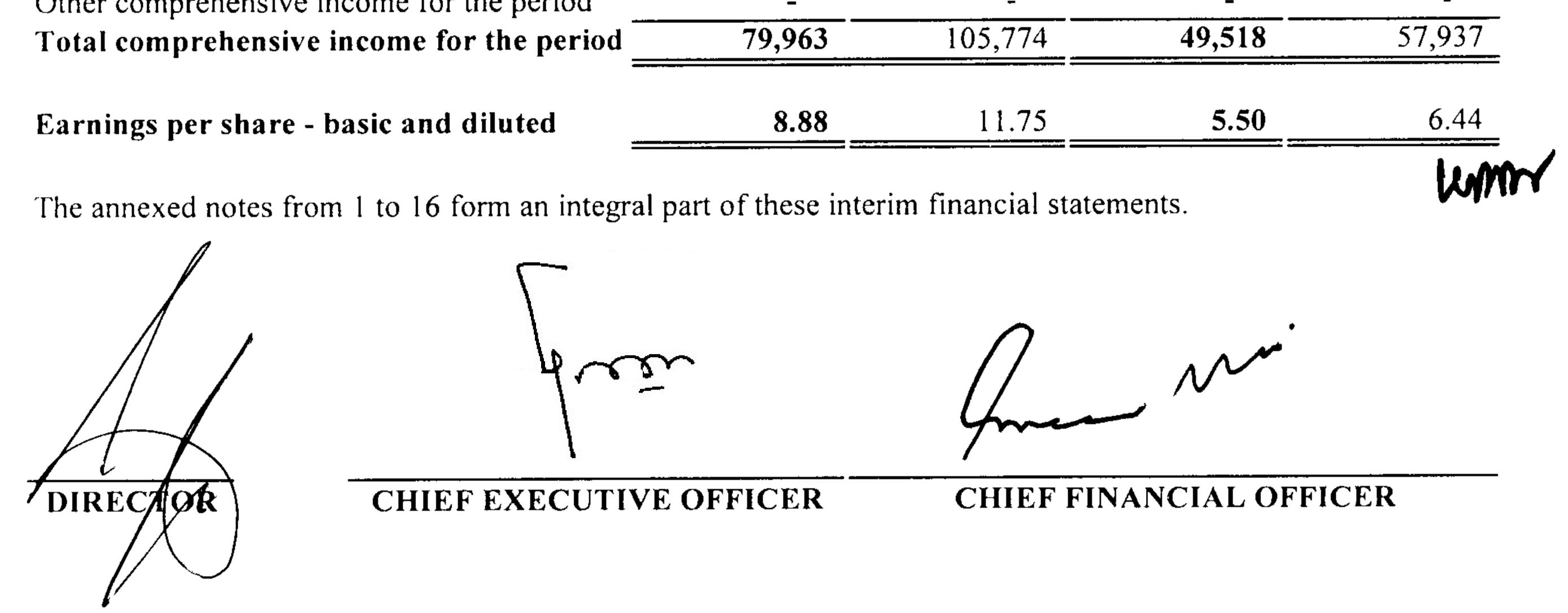


WAH NOBEL CHEMICALS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) For six months period ended 31 December 2018

Six mont	Six months ended		Three months ended		
31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December		
2018	2017	2018	2017		

(Rupees in '000')

Gross sales	1,224,403	991,190	676,636	510,949
Sales tax	(189,210)	(152,100)	(104,505)	(78,327)
Net sales	1,035,193	839,090	572,131	432,622
Cost of sales	(876,932)	(649,136)	(476,210)	(330,331)
Gross profit	158,261	189,954	95,921	102,291
Administrative expenses	(8,369)	(7,735)	(4,195)	(4,173)
Distribution expenses	(16,080)	(12,845)	(9,052)	(6,174)
Operating profit	133,812	169,374	82,674	91,944
Finance cost	(10,646)	(4,092)	(5,769)	(1,740)
Other expenses	(8,809)	(11,752)	(5,470)	(6,424)
Other income	662	1,186	448	969
- Profit before taxation	115,019	154,716	71,883	84,749
Taxation	(35,056)	(48,942)	(22,365)	(26,812)
Profit for the period	79,963	105,774	49,518	57,937
Other comprehensive income for the period	_	-	_	_



WAH NOBEL CHEMICALS LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UN-AUDITED) For six months period ended 31 December 2018

	31 December	31 December	
	2018	2017	
Note	(Rupees in '000')		

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Cash (used in) / generated from operations

(Payment for) / Receipt of:

9 (82, 472)256,712

Taxation

Workers' profit participation fund Compensated absences

Net cash (used in) / from operating activities

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

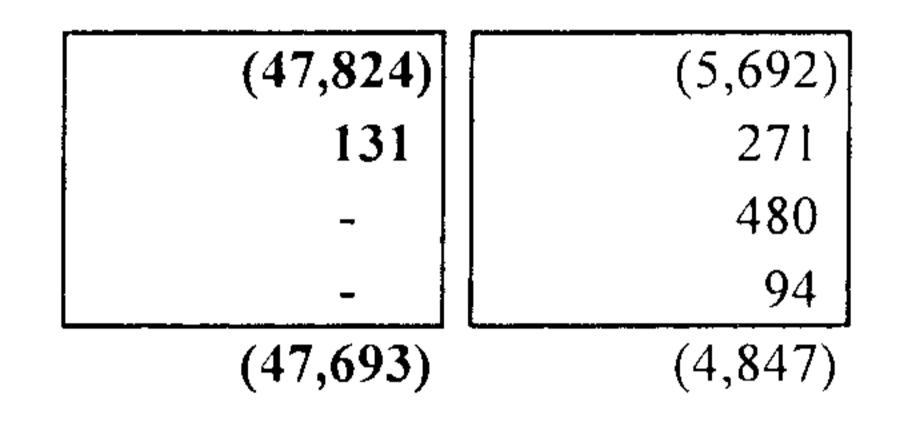
Payment for capital expenditure Interest on term deposit receipts Sales proceeds from disposal of fixed assets Bank interest

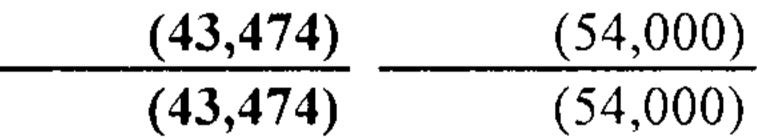
Net cash used in investing activities

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Dividends paid Net cash used in financing activities

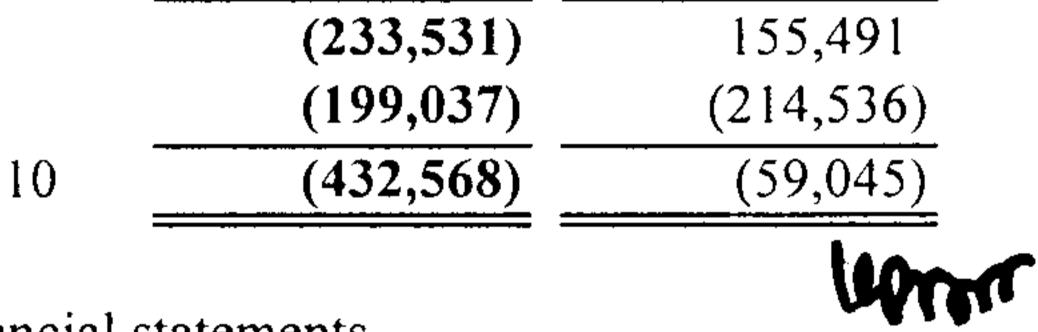
(41,716)
(244)
(414)
(42,374)
214,338





Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period

The annexed notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these interim financial statements.





		kevenue reserves		
Capital reserves	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	Sub-total	Total
	(Rul	upees in '000')		
944	425,000	142,666	567,666	658,610
I	t	105,774	105,774	105,774
3	I	(54,000)	(54,000)	(54,000)
1	80,000	(80,000)	1	1
944	505,000	114,440	619,440	710,384
944	505,000	182,436	687,436	778,380
I	B	79,963	79,963	79,963
ſ		(45,000)	(45,000)	(45,000)
I	130,000	(130,000)		l
944	635,000	87,399	722,399	813,343
statements.				
				i
E OFFICER			CHIEF FINANCIA	L OFFICER

ES IN EQUITY (U	Share capital	0000'06	- 0000	00000 '	- 0000	iese interim financial	HIEF EXECUTIVE
CALS LIMITED M STATEMENT OF CHANG nded 31 December 2018		11 ome ers recorded directly in equity 0 per share	'es ber 2017	118 ome ers recorded directly in equity 0 per share	ves ber 2018	l to 16 form an integral part of th	

WAH NOBEL CHEMI **CONDENSED INTERI** For six months period e

AUDITED)

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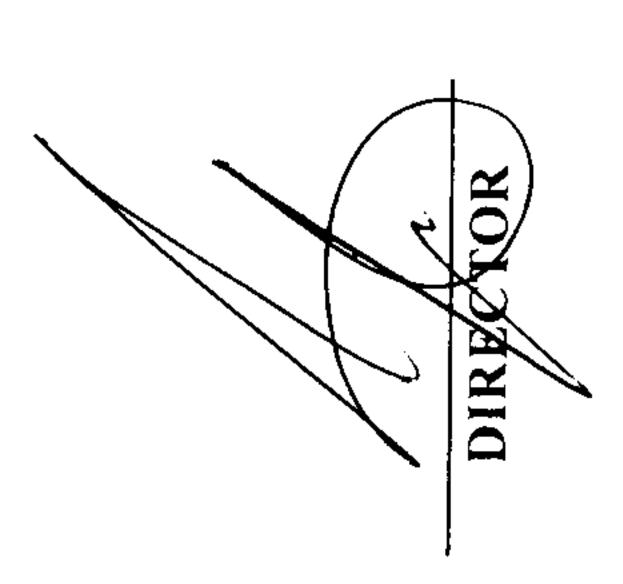
Balance as at 01 July 20 Total comprehensive inco **Transactions with owne** Final dividend @ Rs. 6.0 Others

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Transfer to general reser-Balance as at 31 Decem Balance as at 01 July 20 Total comprehensive inc **Transactions with own** Final dividend @ Rs. 5.0 Others

Transfer to general reser

Balance as at 31 Decem The annexed notes from



1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Wah Nobel Chemicals Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on 31 May 1983 as a public limited company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and its shares are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The holding company of the Company is Wah Nobel (Private) Limited and the ultimate holding company is Wah Industries Limited. The principal activity of the Company is to manufacture Urea Formaldehyde Moulding Compound, Formaldehyde and Formaldehyde based liquid resins for use as bonding agent in the chip board, plywood and flush door manufacturing industries. The Company's registered office and manufacturing facilities are situated in Wah Cantt, Pakistan.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

The disclosures in these interim financial statements do not include the information that was reported for full annual audited financial statements and should therefore be read in conjunction with the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018. Comparative condensed interim statement of financial position is extracted from the annual audited financial statements as of 30 June 2018, whereas comparative condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of cash flows and condensed interim statement of changes in equity are extracted from unaudited interim financial statements for six months period ended 31 December 2017.

These interim financial statements are un-audited and are being submitted to the members as required under Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 The accounting policies, significant judgments made in the application of accounting policies, key sources of estimations, the methods of computation adopted in preparation of these interim financial statements and financial risk management policy are the same as those applied in preparation of audited annual financial

statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 except for the changes as indicated below:



3.1.1 IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The IASB issued IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") in May 2014. This IFRS replaces IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and several revenue-related interpretations. IFRS 15 establishes a single revenue recognition framework which requires an entity to recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of goods and services for the amount it expects to receive, when control is transferred to the purchaser. IFRS 15 became applicable to the Company on 01 July 2018 and the Company used the modified retrospective approach to adopt the standard. Under this transitional provision, the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 15 is recognized on the date of initial application as an adjustment to retained earnings. No adjustment to retained earnings was required upon adoption of IFRS 15. The Company has reviewed its revenue stream i.e. sale of chemicals and underlying contracts with customers and, as result of this review, the adoption of IFRS 15 did not have a material impact on the Company's condensed interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and condensed interim statement of financial position.

Revenue associated with the sale of chemicals is measured based on the consideration specified in customer order forms. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when or as the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to a customer. A good or service is transferred when the customer obtains control of that good or service. The transfer of control of chemicals coincides with title passing to the customer and the customer taking physical possession. The Company principally satisfies its performance obligations at a point in time and the amounts of revenue are recognized relating to performance. For sale of chemicals, the transfer of control usually occurs on delivery of goods to the customer.

Generally for such sales, the customer has no right of return. The Company does not have any obligations for return of chemicals.

For credit sales, collection of revenue associated with the sale of chemicals is due on average of 60 days following sale while for other sales, advance receipts from customers are obtained prior to satisfaction of performance obligation i.e. transfer of promised good or service.

3.1.2 IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") that replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: recognition and measurement ("IAS 39") and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 brings together all three aspects of the accounting for financial instruments: classification & measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 introduces a single approach to determining whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value and replaces the multiple rules in IAS 39. The three principal classification categories under the new standard for financial instruments are: measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial instruments under IFRS 9 is generally based on the business model in which a financial instrument is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. The previous categories under IAS 39 of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale have been removed. For financial liabilities, IFRS 9 retains most of the requirements of IAS 39; however, where the fair value option is applied to financial liabilities, any change in fair value resulting from an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income.

Trade debts, other receivables, investment in debt securities, cash and bank balances, long term borrowings (including current portion), trade creditors, accrued liabilities, bonus payable, other liabilities, due to holding company, unclaimed dividend, loan from holding company and short term borrowings continue to be measured at amortized cost and are now classified as "amortized cost".

Following presentation change has been made upon adoption of IFRS 9, the balance is now classified as

"amortized cost":

Markup accrued has been represented as "loan from holding company" and "short term running borrowings".

None of the Company's financial instruments have been classified as FVOCI and FVTPL.

Further, IFRS 9 replaces the "incurred loss" model in IAS 39 with an "expected loss" model. The new impairment model applies to financial instruments measured at amortized cost, and contract assets and debt investments measured at FVOCI. Under IFRS 9, credit losses will be recognized earlier than under IAS 39. The standard also provides a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. The credit loss model groups receivables based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due in order to estimate bad debts. The adoption of IFRS 9 did not result in a material impact to the Company's interim financial statements.

3.2 The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the

Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2019:

- IFRS 16: Leases
- IFRIC 23: Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments
- Amendments to IFRS 9: Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation
- Amendments to IAS 19: Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement
- Amendments to IAS 28: Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures
- Amendments to IFRS 3: Business Combinations
- Amendments to IAS 1: Presentation of Financial Statements and IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

(effective 01 January 2019) (effective 01 January 2019)

(effective 01 January 2019)

(effective 01 January 2019)

(effective 01 January 2019)

(effective 01 January 2020)

(effective 01 January 2020)

Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 - 2017 cycle:

- IFRS 3: Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangement
- Amendments to IAS 12: Income Taxes
- Amendments to IAS 23: Borrowing Costs

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(effective 01 January 2019)(effective 01 January 2019)(effective 01 January 2019)



The amendments are effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on the Company's interim financial statements except for IFRS 16 'Leases', for which the Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of its lease arrangements that will result in recognition of right to use assets and liabilities on adoption of the standard, and IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 4

During the six months period ended 31 December 2018, the Company made additions to property, plant and equipment aggregating to Rs. 47,824 thousand (31 December 2017: Rs. 5,692 thousand) inclusive of additions to capital work in progress. Depreciation charge for the period amounts to Rs. 7,543 thousand (31 December 2017: Rs. 7,763 thousand).

		31 December	30 June
		2018	2018
		(Rupees i	n '000'')
5	TRADE DEBTS	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)
	Considered good	652,527	442,532
	Considered doubtful	80,200	80,200
		732,727	522,732
	Provision for doubtful debts	(80,200)	(80,200)
		652.527	442.532

652,527	442,532

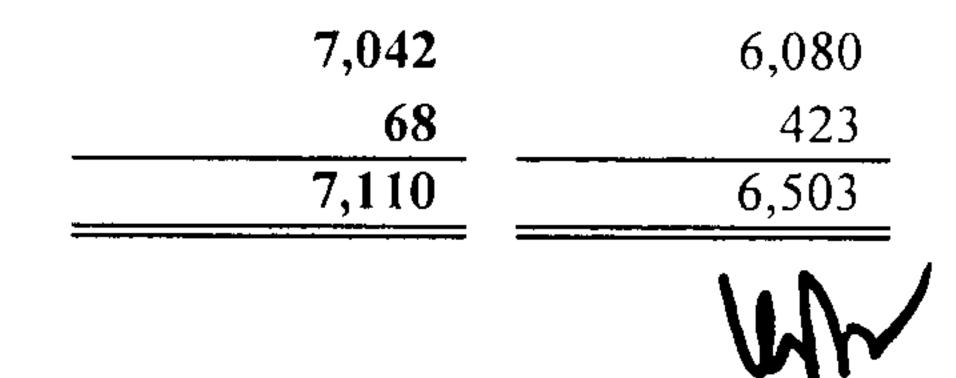
LONG TERM FINANCING 6

Term finance facility-secured Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities

96,000	96,000
(27,429)	(13,714)
68,571	82,286

DEFERRED LIABILITIES 7

Provision for accumulated compensated absences Deferred tax liability



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8 **CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS**

8.1 Contingencies

8.1.1 In 1996, the Government of Sindh raised a demand of Rs. 67,294,72 thousand in respect of vend fee and permit fee for the years 1990-91 to 1995-96 under the Sindh Abkari Act, 1878. The Company filed Constitutional Petition No. D-1412 of 1996 dated 20 August 1996 in the Sindh High Court challenging the

legality of the levy on the grounds that provincial taxation, under the Sindh Abkari Act, 1878 on imported Methanol temporarily stored in Karachi but meant for consumption outside the province of Sindh, was unlawful and ultravires of the Constitution, relying on the judgment of the Sindh High Court in the case of Crescent Board Limited. The case was decided in the favour of the Company on 12 June 2001 by the Sindh High Court, but the Government of Sindh moved an appeal in the Supreme Court against the decision of the Sindh High Court.

After hearing the appeal of the Government of Sindh against the Company and other Formaldehyde manufacturers, the Supreme Court remanded the case of levy of vend fee and permit fee to the Sindh High Court for adjudication on all points of law and fact. Vide its judgment dated 26 March 2003, the Sindh High Court again decided the matter in favour of the Company and other manufacturers. The Government of Sindh filed a leave to appeal in the Supreme Court on 12 June 2003. The Court has admitted the appeal for regular hearing. The case is now awaiting adjudication by the Supreme Court.

Currently, all imports of Methanol are being released on payment of Rs. 3 per bulk gallon in cash and submission of guarantee at Rs. 14 per bulk gallon in the form of indemnity bonds. Accordingly, in case of an unfavorable decision by the Supreme Court, the Company would be exposed to an aggregate obligation of Rs. 1,081,000 thousand (30 June 2018: Rs. 1,053,000 thousand) on account of vend fee and permit fee based on the guarantees issued against methanol imported and released up to the reporting date. However, keeping in view the fact that previous decisions which have been made in the favour of the Company and on the advice of the legal advisor of the Company, the management is confident that no such exposure will arise to the Company, therefore, no relevant provision has been made in these interim financial statements.

8.1.2 Other than the litigation as disclosed in note 8.1.1 above, there are no significant changes in the status of litigations as disclosed in the last annual audited financial statements.

31 December	30 June
2018	2018
(Rupees i	in '000')
(Un-audited)	(Audited)
272,219	240,136

8.2 Commitments

8.2.1 Letters of credit for purchase of stocks

8.2.2 Post dated cheques issued in favour of Collector of Customs against custom duties and other levies on Methanol kept in bonded ware house / sales tax on import of plant & machinery

8.2.3 Letter of guarantee issued by bank on behalf of the Company

	W~
15,000	15,000
30,980	8,473

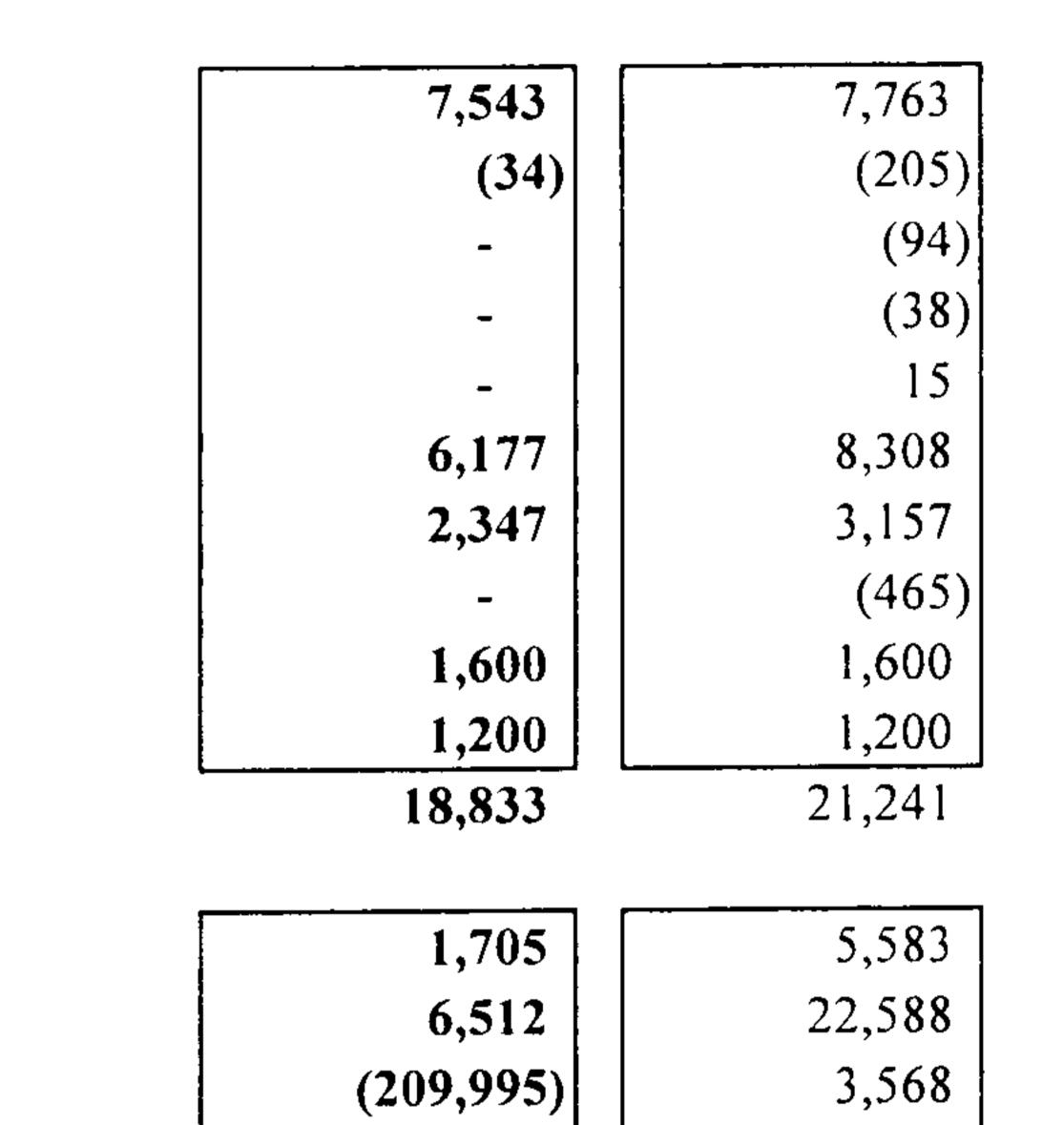
		31 December	31 December
		2018	2017
		(Rupees	in '000')
9	CASH (USED IN) / GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)

Profit before taxation

115,019 154,716

Adjustments for non cash items:
Depreciation
Interest on term deposit receipts
Bank interest
Bad debts written off
Interest on worker's profit participation fund
Workers' profit participation fund
Workers' welfare fund
Gain on disposal of fixed asset
Provision for employees' gratuity fund
Provision for accumulated compensated absences

Changes in: Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts



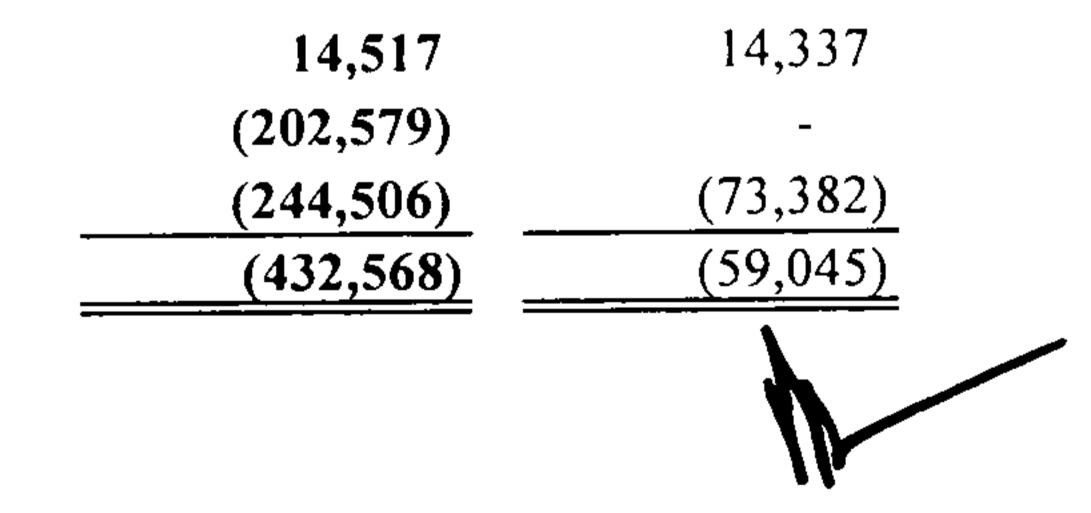
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Due to holding company Trade and other payables

Cash (used in) / generated from operations

10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and bank balances Loan from holding company Short term running finance - secured

6,839	9,502
(588)	-
(20,797)	39,514
(216,324)	80,755
(82,472)	256,712



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31 December	31 December
2018	2017
(Rupees	in '000')
(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)

11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Significant transactions with related parties during the period were as follows:

Expenses incurred (on behalf of) / by the group companies - net	(813)	(4,916)
Corporate service fee charged by holding company	450	450
Purchase of electricity from associated company	8,349	8,183
Purchase of raw material from associated company	7,857	9,892
Dividend paid to the holding company	24,852	29,822
Contribution to:		
- Employee provident fund trust	1,025	997
- Workers' profit participation fund	2,397	244
Balances with related parties were as follows:		
Payable to associated companies	-	4,002
Due to holding company	701	1,289

12 DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR SHARIAH COMPLIANT COMPANIES

12.1 Following information has been disclosed as required under Para 10 of Part-I of the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017:

	31 December 2018	31 December 2017
	(Rupees	in '000')
	(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
Profits earned on any conventional investment	404	747
Interest paid on any conventional loan or advance	4,658	3,262
All revenue is earned from shariah compliant business segment.		

12.3 Disclosures other than above are not applicable to the Company.

12.2

		31 December	mber 2018			30 Jı	30 June 2018	
	Amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Amortized cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
		(Un-a	audited)			(Ai	Audited)	
				(Rupees	s '000')			
red at fair value easured at fair value	1			ſ	1			
	732,727	l	ſ	732,727	522,732	ı	1	522,732
	42	I	I	42	42	I	F	42
	15,181	I	ł	15,181	15,181	1	ſ	15,181
	2,583	I	t	2,583	2,680	ŀ	F	2,680
	14,517	1		14,517	19,064	I	ſ	19,064
	765,050			765,050	559,699	F 1		559,699
easured at fair value t measured at fair value	f	I		ſ	I	J	ŀ	J
cluding current portion)	96,000	ı	I	96,000	96,000	ł	I	96,000
Ş	150,982	I	i	150,982	176,139	I	1	176,139
	101	3	I	701	1,289	I	ı	1,289
	6,233	I	J	6,233	4,707	I	I	4,707
pany	202,579	I	ł	202,579	I	1	ŀ	I
	244,506	1	F	244,506	216,372	I	I	216,372
	701,001			701,001	494,507			494,507

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) For six months period ended 31 December 2018

The following table shows the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities by ca

WAH NOBEL CHEMICALS LIMITED

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

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Financial assets measure Financial assets not mea Cash and bank balances Short-term investment Other receivables Trade deposits Trade debts

Financial liabilities measu Financial liabilities not m Long term financing (inclue Trade and other payables Loan from holding compa Due to holding company Short term borrowings Unclaimed dividends

- 14FAIR VALUES
- 14.1 The Company has not disclosed the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities as these are for short-term or reprice over short-term. Therefore, the carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of their values.
- **14.2** Determination of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require determination of fair values, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and / or disclosure purposes based on the following methods:

Financial assets

Fair values of non-derivative financial assets are estimated at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date. These fair values are determined for disclosure purposes.

Financial liabilities

Fair values which are determined for disclosure purposes are calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

15 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These interim financial statements were authorized for issue on **February 142**^{df} by the Board of Directors of the Company.

16 GENERAL

